

CE 515
Tutorial # 03

Q. No. 1	<p>GA is used to solve the following maximization problem.</p> $\text{Maximize } f(x) = \sin(\pi x) $ $0 \leq x \leq 2$ <p>The initial solutions generated randomly are 100101, 001100, 111010, 101110, 101111, 100101. Calculate expected count of each solution.</p>
Q. No. 2	<p>For the objective function given below, calculate fitness value of the binary strings, 0110110011, 1010111100, 0010001110, 1111001101 and 1100110001 if first six bits represent the variable x and the rest bits represent the variable y. Take lower and upper bounds of x and y as 0 and 5.</p> $\text{Min } f(x, y) = (x^2 + y - 11)^2 + (x + y^2 - 7)^2$ <p>Convert the minimization problem to a maximization problem using appropriate transformation technique.</p>
Q. No. 3	<p>Consider the following problem</p> <p>Minimization $f = x_1^2 - x_2$</p> <p>Subject to</p> $26 \geq x_1^2 + x_2^2$ $x_1 + x_2 \geq 6$ $x_1 \geq 0$ <p>Determine whether the following search direction is usable, feasible or both at the design vector $X = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$</p> $S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, S = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, S = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
Q. No. 4	<p>For the function given below, obtain the minimum point along the line joining the point $(-3, -4)^T$ and $(3, 2)^T$. Take $x_0 = (-3, -4)^T$.</p> $f = 2 + (x_1^2 - x_2)^2 + x_2^2$ 

